TODAY IN CHEMISTRY HISTORY

28TH JUNE - EMIL ERLENMEYER'S BIRTHDAY



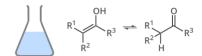
EMIL ERLENMEYER

BORN

28 June 1825

DIED

22 January 1909



The first to isolate several organic compounds, and invented the Erlenmeyer (or conical) flask. He was also the first to suggest double and triple bonds could form between carbon atoms.



a rubber bung or glass stopper.

CONICAL BODY

Allows contents to be swirled without spills.

FLAT BOTTOM

Doesn't tip over, unlike round-bottomed flasks.

R^{1} R^{2} R^{3} R^{2} R^{3} R^{2} R^{3} R^{2} R^{3}

R groups represent variable portions of the molecule

THE ERLENMEYER FLASK

Erlenmeyer created the flask that takes his name in the late 1850s. It's also known as a conical flask and is now a mainstay of the science laboratory.

THE ERLENMEYER RULE

Erlenmeyer investigated keto-enol tautomerism. His rule states that all alcohols with an OH group attached to a double-bonded carbon become aldehydes or ketones, as these are more stable.

